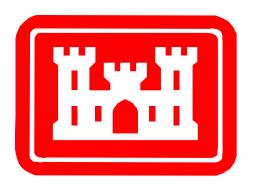
DREDGING RESUSPENSION: DEFINING THE ISSUES



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Topics

- Definitions
- Old issues
- Emerging issues
- Confounding factors
- Sources of uncertainty
- Conclusions





Why Does Resuspension Matter?

- Fundamental determinant of impacts related to exposure to elevated suspended sediment concentrations, turbidity, and contaminants
- Longstanding concerns for a host of potentially sensitive receptors, including SAV, coral reefs, migratory fishes, etc.
- Critical consideration for the conduct of environmental/remedial dredging projects
- Substantial economic consequences





The 4 R's

RESUSPENSION

RELEASE

RESIDUALS

RISK

RDC/EL TR-08-4

US Army Corps of Engineers® Engineer Research and Development Center

Dredging Operations and Environmental Research Program

The Four Rs of Environmental Dredging: Resuspension, Release, Residual, and Risk

Todd S. Bridges, Stephen Ells, Donald Hayes, David Mount, Steven C. Nadeau, Michael R. Palermo, Clay Patmont, and Paul Schroeder February 2008

nvironmental Laborator

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited





DEFINITIONS

- Resuspension Dislodging of bedded sediment particles during the dredging process, and consequent transport and settlement of those particles at a new location
- Release Transport of dissolved constituents of disturbed pore water or constituents desorbed from sediment particles
- Residuals Disturbed sediments remaining after cessation of dredging
- Risk Consequences of resuspension, release, and creation of residuals





Old Issues

Unanswered questions 40 years after NEPA

- What are the principal drivers affecting the rate of resuspension?
- What are the rates of resuspension associated with basic modes of dredging?
- What are the relevant spatial and temporal scales of resuspension?





Old Issues

Unanswered questions 40 years after NEPA

- What thresholds of suspended and deposited sediment exposure trigger biologically meaningful detrimental responses?
- What management practices and control measures actually provide protection benefits?
 - The current practice of resorting to environmental windows underscores a need to explore new approaches and technologies





Emerging Issues

- Concerns being extended to other sources, including ship traffic
- Increasing pressure for continuous, real time monitoring without established means of interpreting data or providing risk-based responses/controls
- Restrictions and controls applied to remedial projects are increasingly being incorporated into navigation dredging WQ certificates without a prior risk assessment or documented need





Confounding Factors and Sources of Uncertainty

- Diverse receptors and pathways
- Lack of standardized methodologies
- Many physical factors influence resuspension
- Many operational factors influence resuspension
- Regulatory inconsistencies

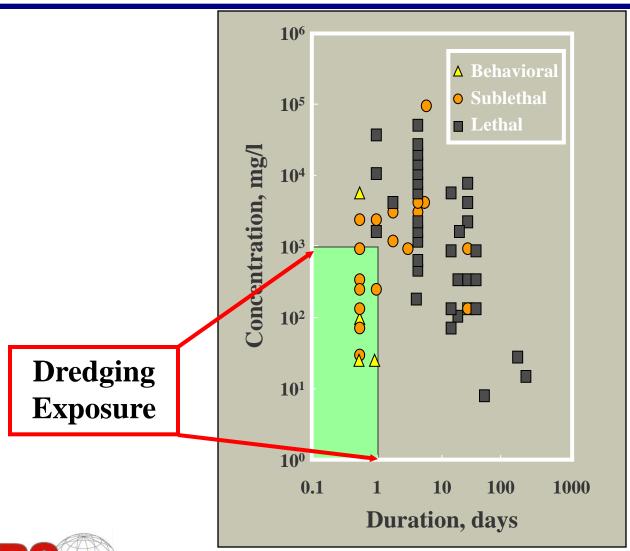




Effects of TSS and Turbidity



Juvenile Salmonids



Many studies have not used protocols that establish doseresponse relationships.





Physical Factors That Influence Resuspension

- Mode of dredging
 - Mechanical vs. hydraulic
- Hydrodynamics
 - Prevailing current velocities and vectors
 - Bathymetry
- In situ sediment properties
 - Grain size distribution
 - Water content/bulk density/liquidity
 - Atterberg Limits (Liquid and Plastic)
- Depth and salinity





Operational Factors That Influence Resuspension (e.g., bucket dredge)

- Bucket type
- Size, volume, exposed surface area
- Ascent speed
- Descent speed
- Reset frequency
- Cycle time
- Production rate
- Sediment cohesion/adhesion
- Leakage from seals
- > Debris
- Bottom sweeping/bed leveling
- Anchoring and spud movements
- Barge overflow
- Tug and tender maneuvering
- Operator skill







Perceptions vs. Reality

Perception

Resuspension controls provide environmental protection

Reality

- Controls frequently slow down production rates, but do not decrease mass loss
- > Tradeoffs are often ignored
 - e.g., many critters tolerate short, intense exposures better than chronic exposures
 - e.g., air quality effects due to prolonged emissions





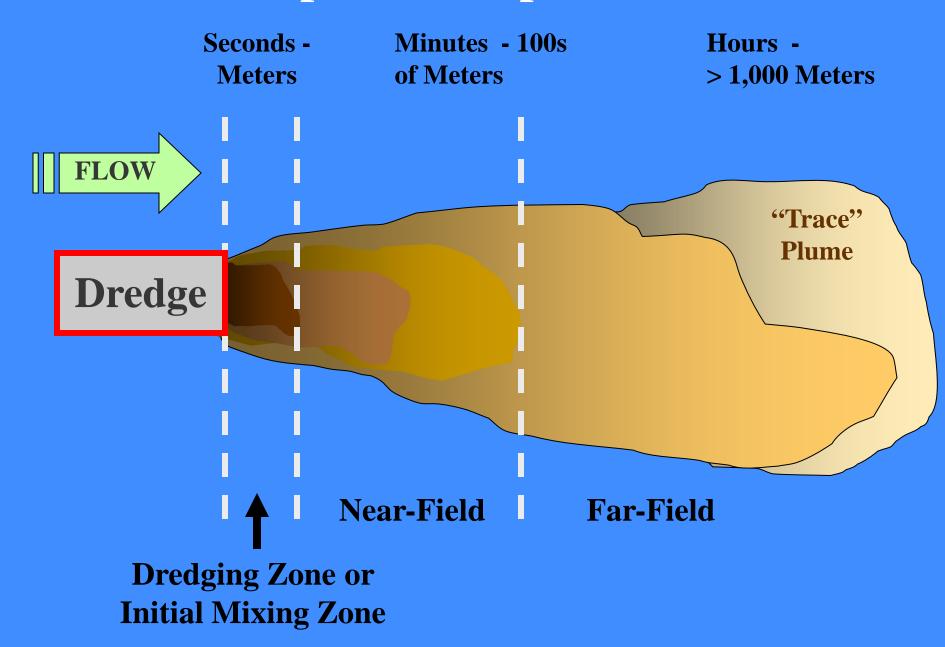
Evaluation of Resuspension

- Fate and transport models have become more sophisticated with improved understanding and handling of fundamental processes
- Uncertainty still surrounds source terms
- Empirically-derived source models exist only for a limited set of dredge types and equipment, site conditions, and sediment and operational characteristics
- Reliable, comprehensive dredging source models are needed for accurate assessment of risk associated with resuspension
- Monitoring is required to verify source term

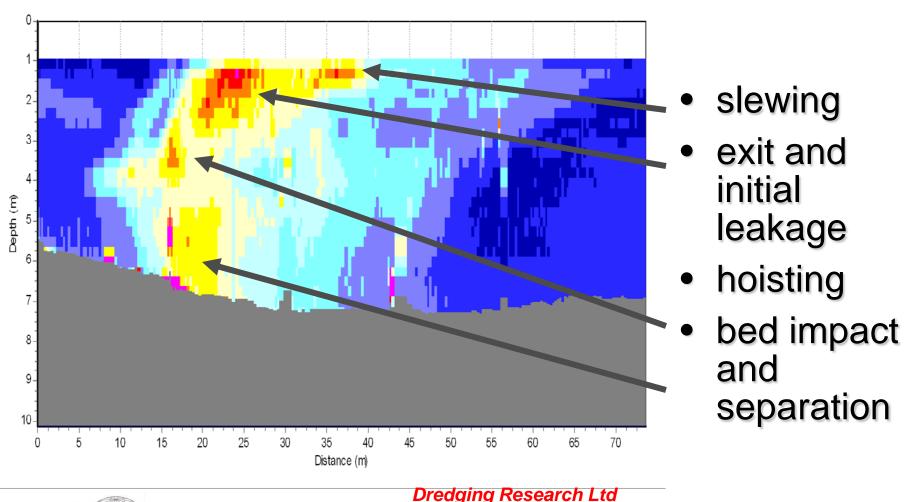




Plume Spatial/Temporal Scales



Bucket Dredge Plume Components



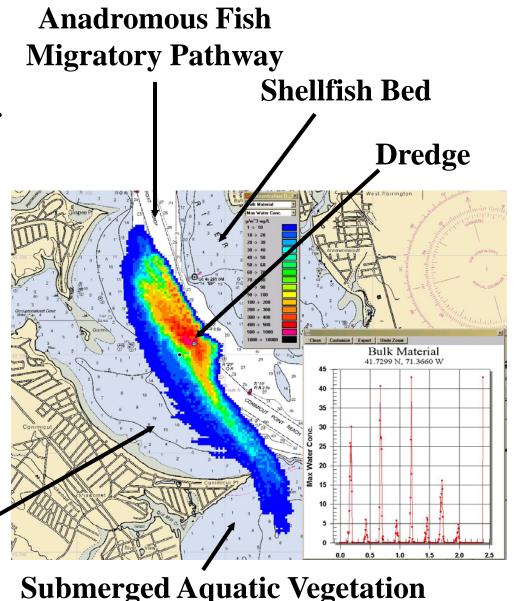




Characterization of Temporal Scales of Resuspension

- Difficult but necessary step in determination of exposures
- Exposures for different receptors may vary by orders of magnitude based on location in relation to the source over time
 - Even mechanical dredges are not stationary, but advance at a certain rate
 - Receptors may be mobile or sessile, thus exposures may change substantially based on the dredging scenario

Spawning Habitat



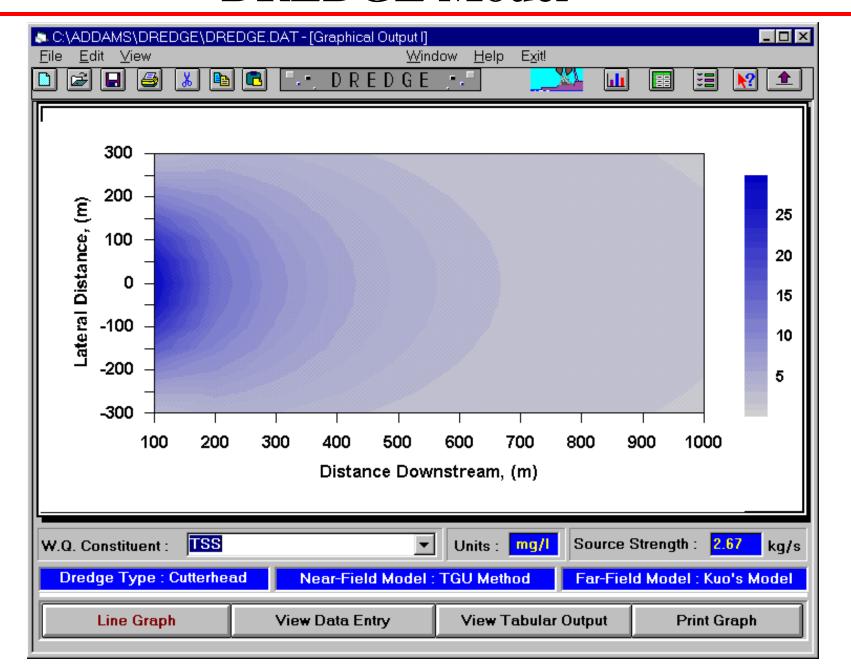
Technical Challenges

- Resuspension is difficult to characterize quantitatively because acute effects are seldom observed
 - > Harm, if any, occurs at sublethal levels
- Predictive near- and far-field models have many advantages in support of risk-informed decisions
 - > Require validation, calibration, and verification
 - > Very few empirical data sets exist
 - Data expensive to obtain





DREDGE Model



DREDGE Post Processor Dissolved Contaminant Results: Copper

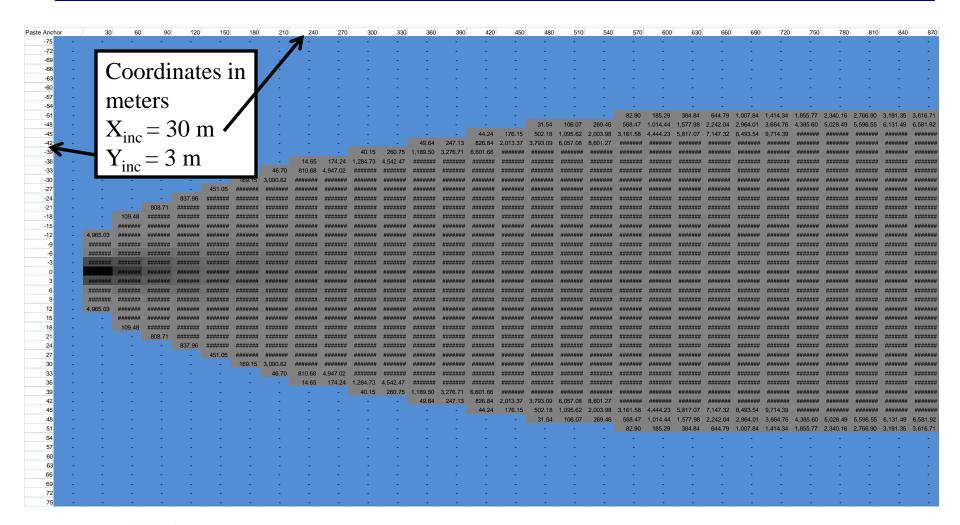
In Meters	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360	390	420	450	480	510
-36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201
-30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402	0.000803
-28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402	0.001004	0.001808	0.003013
-26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402	0.001004	0.002209	0.004017	0.006829	0.010846
-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402	0.001004	0.00241	0.005021	0.009038	0.015063	0.023298	0.034545
-22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.001004	0.002611	0.005825	0.011448	0.020285	0.033139	0.050611	0.073102	0.101013
-20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000603	0.002008	0.005825	0.013457	0.02631	0.045791	0.073303	0.109045	0.153818	0.207418	0.269238
-18	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.001004	0.00462	0.013457	0.03113	0.060451	0.103423	0.161046	0.233513	0.320414	0.420333	0.531856	0.653368
-16	0	0	0	0.000201	0.002008	0.010243	0.031532	0.073102	0.139564	0.232911	0.35212	0.495358	0.658988	0.839174	1.032285	1.234696	1.443389
-14	0	0			0.022093		0.2.2002		0.0200.2				1.644212			2.593363	
-12	0	0	0.005021				0.754218			2.142756			3.626074			4.925982	
-10	0	0.004017				1.76524	2.618135		4.32459	5.10899	0.0000	6.479025				8.458667	8.82219
-8		0.14619				5.773734	7.217878	8.45544	9.49536	10.36022		11.66436	12.14833	12.5447	12.86831		13.34315
-6			6.263437	9.789349		14.40153				17.86779	18.1702	18.35763	18.45988	18.49803		18.44149	
-4	4.914796														23.90051		
-2			48.97899			40.02067				32.99579			29.60721		27.85239		
0			62.56336												29.30394		
2			48.97899							32.99579					27.85239		
4	4.914796		22.97774						26.70395						23.90051		
6	0.093584		6.263437			14.40153		16.73886					18.45988	18.49803	18.48796		
8	0.000402		0.990073		4.151371		7.217878	8.45544	9.49536				12.14833	12.5447	12.86831		13.34315
10	0	0.004017				1.76524	2.618135		4.32459	5.10899	0.0000				8.047799		8.82219
12	0	0		0.046795					1.645454							4.925982	
14	0	0			0.022093				0.523641			1.334387		1.960952		2.593363	
16 18	0	0	0 0	0.000201	0.002008			0.073102	0.139564	0.232911					0.420333	1.234696	
20	0	0		0	0.000201	0.001004	0.00462		0.005825			0.161046	0.20020		0.420333		
20	0	0	•	0	0	0	0.000003	0.002008				0.043791			0.153616		
24	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0.000201		0.002011					0.030011		0.101010
26	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402			0.003021		0.004017		
28	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402			0.004017		0.0200.0
30	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402		0.001808	
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201	0.000402	0.000201
34	0	0	· ·	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000201
36	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
30	- 0	- 0	- 0		- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0		- 0	- 0	- 0

- 1% Loss
- Results from centerline concentration used for screening
- Copper Criteria 18 ug/L





Deposition of Resuspended Material

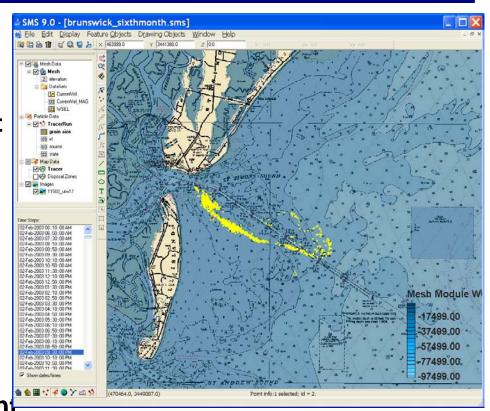






Particle Tracking Model (PTM)

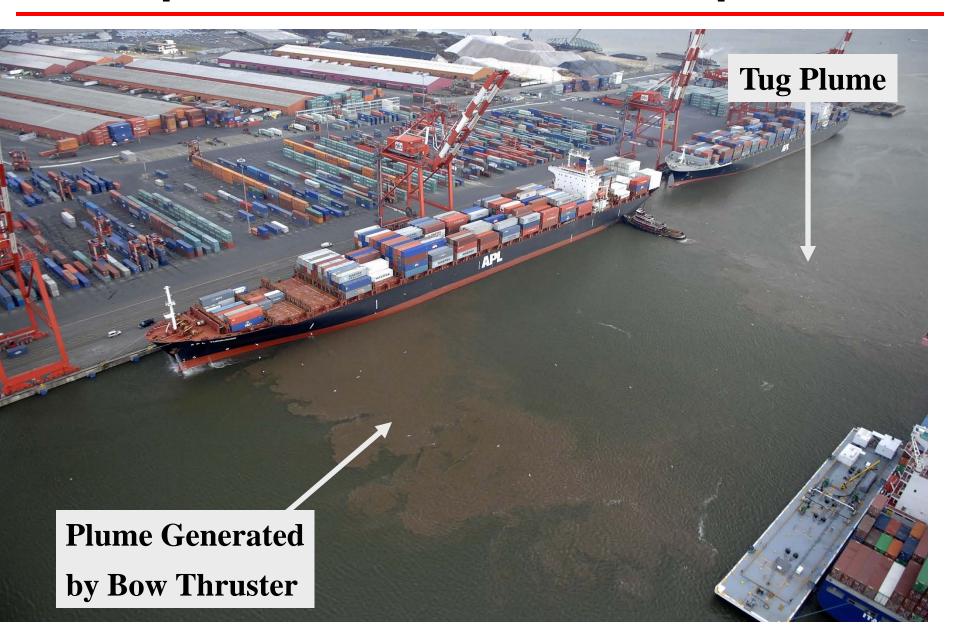
- 3D dynamic transport
- Follows size classes of sediment through complex grids
- Accepts external source term
- Ability to compute sediment deposition and re-entrainment
- Adding modules to track water quality and contaminants
- Adding module to calculate exposures of organisms to suspended or deposited sediment







Ships as a Source of Resuspension



Conclusions

- Resuspension issues form a basis for a majority of problematic environmental concerns associated with dredging and dredged material disposal
- These issues have proven to be exceedingly difficult to resolve
- Many sources of uncertainty exist regarding critical aspects of the process
- Risk-informed approaches represent a promising direction for instigating progress in an otherwise stagnant arena





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Bridges, T., Ells, S., Hayes, D., Mount, D., Nadeau, S., Palermo, M., Patmont, C., and Schroeder, P. 2008. The four Rs of environmental dredging: Resuspension, Release, Residues, and Risk. U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Environmental Lab ERDC/EL TR-08-4, 56pp.

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