Coastal Resilience

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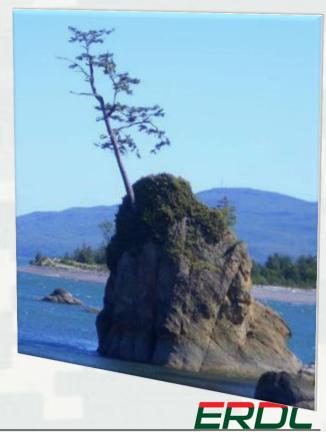


US Army Corps of Engineers
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Overview

- 1. Motivation: Chief of Engineers' Charge to Coastal Engineering Research Board (CERB)
- 2. Definitions of Resilience
 - a) Engineering
 - b) Ecological
 - c) Communities
- 3. Best Practices to Manage Resilient Coastal Systems
- 4. Calculation of a Resilience Metric
- 5. Summary



Motivation: Chief of Engineers' Charge to the Coastal Engineering Research Board (CERB)*, Sep 13

Identify a research and implementation strategy to:

...integrate risk reduction and resilience practices within USACE coastal planning, engineering, operations, and construction communities.

...provide specific guidance on expected research outcomes that will provide the technical basis for sound engineering capability

...to quantify, predict and manage risk reduction and increased resilience for coastal infrastructure.

*Established by law in 1963 to advise USACE on Coastal Engineering

Research needs **BUILDING STRONG®**

Chief's Charge: Pilot Demonstration at Jamaica Bay, NY





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Test, Validate, Inform R&D and Policy Needs



Definitions of Resilience

Study	Definition			
American Society of Civil Engineers (2006)	"Resilience refers to the capability to mitigate against significant all-hazards risks and			
http://www.asce.org/Content.aspx?id=8478	ncidents and to expeditiously recover and reconstitute critical services with minimum			
	damage to public safety and health, the economy, and national security."			
National Disaster Recovery Framework, Strengthening Disaster Recovery for	A resilient community has "an improved ability to withstand, respond to and recover from			
the Nation (FEMA 2011) http://www.fema.gov/media-				
library/assets/documents/24647?fromSearch=fromsearch&id=5124	disasters."			
The Infrastructure Security Partnership and Society of Military Engine	ity, and the capability, to recover rapidly with limited			
(SAME). "Understanding Resilience – Disaster Resilience Begins wit				
(2012) http://tisp.org/tisp/file/PROOF_121820_SAME_Booklet.pdf	ey words: and plan for, absorb, recover from, and more successfully			
Disaster Resilience – A National Imperative (National Academies of	and plan for, absorb, recover from, and more successfully			
2012) http://www.nap.edu/catalog.php?record_id=13457				
Hurricane Sandy Rebuilding Strategy: Stronger Communities, A Res	Prepare pt to changing conditions and withstand and recover			
Region (2013)	Plebale 1 "			
http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/documents/huddoc?id=HSRebuildings				
df				
Infrastructure Rebuilding Principles (2013) http://coastalmanagement.noaa.gov/resources/docs/infsysrebuilding	Resist tions and withstand and rapidly recover from disruption			
pdf	1103131			
Coastal Risk Reduction and Resilience: Using the Full Array of Meas	or, respond to, and adapt to changing conditions and to			
	dispurations with minimal demans."			
http://www.corpsclimate.us/docs/USACE_Coastal_Risk_Reduction_f	Recover disruptions with minimal damage."			
<u>S_2013-3.pdf</u>	1000101			
Urban Land Institute, "After Sandy: Advancing Strategies for Long-te	cover after a disaster and to return to its state before the			
Resilience and Adaptability" (2013) http://www.uli.org/wp-content/upl Documents/AfterSandy.pdf	Adapt ticipate prepare for, and adapt to changing conditions and			
Presidential Executive Order on Climate Change,	ticipate, prepare for, and adapt to changing conditions and			
http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2013/11/01/executive-org	tiopate, propare for, and adapt to origing conditions and			
preparing-united-states-impacts-climate-change (2013)	withstand, respond to, and recover rapidly from disruptions.".			
Rockefeller Foundation (2013) http://www.rockefellerfoundation.org/blog/city-	"The capacity of individuals, communities and systems to survive, adapt, and grow in the			
resilient	face of changes, even catastrophic incidents."			
Community and Regional Resilience Institute (CARRI) (2013)	"Community resilience is the capability to anticipate risk, limit impact, and bounce back			
http://www.resilientus.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/definitions-of-				
community-resilience.pdf	rapidly through survival, adaptability, evolution, and growth in the face of turbulent change"			
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety of Dams, Policy and Procedures, ER	"The ability to avoid, minimize, withstand, and recover from the effects of adversity, whether			
1110-2-1156 (2014)	natural or manmade under all circumstances of use "			
$\underline{\text{http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/Portals/76/Publications/EngineerRegulations} \\ \underline{\text{http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/Portals/76/Publications/EngineerRegulations} \\ \text{http://www.publications.usace.army.mil/Portals/Por$	la			
tions/ER_1110-2-1156.pdf				
Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Fifth Assessment Report,	"The capacity of a social-ecological system to cope with a hazardous event or disturbance,			
"Climate Change 2014: Impacts Adaptation and Vulnerability" (2014)	entity, and			
http://ipcc-wg2.gov/AR5 Motivation Definitions	Rest Practices Resilience Metric Summary transformation"			

Engineering Resilience

prepare, resist, recover, adapt

The ability of a system to anticipate, resist, recover, and adapt to achieve functional performance under the stress of disturbances.

Schultz, M. T., McKay, S. K., and Hales, L. Z. (2012) "The Quantification and Evolution of Resilience in Integrated Coastal Systems," ERDC TR-12-7, U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Vicksburg, MS.

Engineering Resilience:

- Reliable, predictable performance
- Range of design stresses

Most engineered systems do not <u>naturally</u> adapt

New Orleans Storm Surge Barrier



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Resilience Metric

Summary

Ecological Resilience

prepare, resist, recover, adapt

The capacity of a system to absorb disturbance and reorganize while undergoing change so as to still retain essentially the same function, structure, identity, and feedbacks

Ecological Resilience:

In general, changes must be gradual for successful adaptation



Walker, B., Holling, C. S., Carpenter, S. R., Kinzig, A. (2004). "Resilience, adaptability and transformability in social–ecological systems". *Ecology and Society* **9** (2): 5.

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Definitions | E

Best Practices

Resilience Metric

Community Resilience

prepare, resist, recover, adapt

Capability to anticipate risk, limit impact, and bounce back rapidly through survival, adaptability, evolution, and growth in the face of turbulent change.

Community Resilience:

Humans have the capacity to learn and make conscious decisions to avoid future losses

Community and Regional Resilience Institute (CARRI) (2013). "Definitions of Community Resilience: An Analysis,"

http://www.resilientus.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/definitions-ofcommunity-resilience.pdf





Motivation

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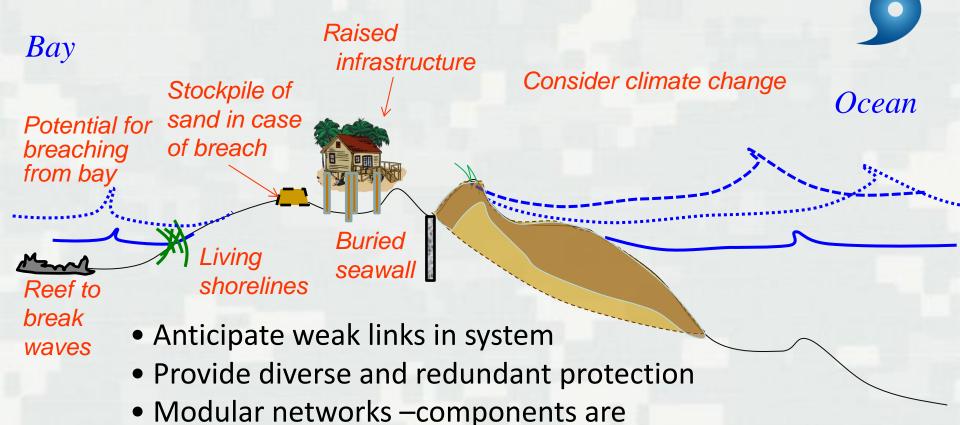
Best Management Practices for Resilience

- Anticipate "weak links" in system
- Provide diverse and redundant protection
- Ensure the system has modular networks, with components that are independent of, and complement each other
- Consider unknowns associated with extended planning horizons (century-scale)
 - May evaluate 1000s of alternatives
 - Rapidly develop insights and group outcomes via tradespace analytics and big data mining
- Provide readily-available information for decision-

making at local, state, and national levels

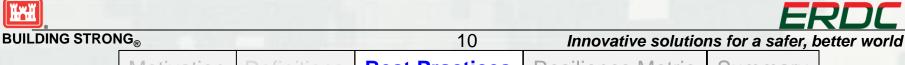
q innovative solutions for a safer, better work





• Information is accessible for decision-making

independent of, and complement each other.



Calculation of a Resilience Metric*

Define...

- 1. System temporal and spatial scales
- 2. Critical elements of the system
- 3. Disturbance(s) (Storms, Relative Sea Level Rise, Tsunamis...)
- 4. Objectives:
 - ► Functional performance of system, F → prepare, resist
 - ▶ Recovery of system, R → recover, adapt
 - Recovery can be natural or managed
- 5. Weighting coefficients, W, for system elements (total=1)
- 6. Were objectives met for each element? (1=yes, 0=no)
- 7. Calculate Resilience Metric = Σ (F*W+R*W) (%)

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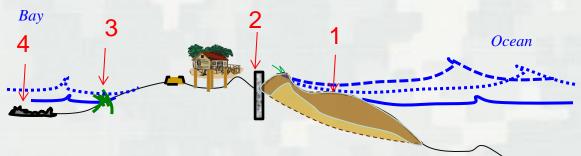


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*Schultz, et al. 2012.



Example Calculation: Resilience Metric



Critical Element	Functional Obj, F	Recovery Obj, R	Was F met?	Was R met?	F+R	Weighting, W
1. Beach & Dune	No surge/waves on infrastructure	3 mos	1	1	2	0.5
2. Seawall	No sand on roads	1 week	1	1	2	0.1
3. Living Shoreline	Reduce bayshore erosion by 50%	3 mos	0	0	0	0.2
4. Bay Reef	Reduce bayshore waves by 30%	3 mos	0	1	1	0.2
Resilience	70%					



ERDC

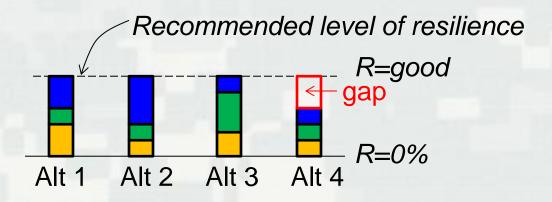
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Resilience Metric

Can Integrate:

- Engineering Projects
- Ecology -- Natural and Nature-Based Features
- Community Systems







Summary

- Chief of Engineers recognized significance of resilience and Charged CERB:
 - ► Integrate risk and resilience into coastal practice
 - ▶ Develop Coastal Resilience R&D needs
- Many definitions of resilience!
 - ► Key words: prepare, resist, recover, adapt
- Method to calculate resilience metric based on:
 - ► Achieving Functional and Recovery objectives for each element
 - Weighting Factors that define relative importance of element
- Resilience Calculation Method can be applied to Engineering, Ecological, and Community Systems



